

**2021/TDC(CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/
PSCGEC-601T/167**

**TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam.,
September 2021**

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(6th Semester)

Course No. : PSCGEC-601T

(Indian Government and Politics)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

SECTION—A

Answer any *twenty* of the following questions :

1×20=20

1. Who adopted the Constitution of India on the 26th November, 1949?
2. Who proposed the Preamble before the Drafting Committee of the Constitution?
3. Which Fundamental Rights have been deleted from our Constitution through a Constitutional Amendment?

4. Which Fundamental Rights are concerned with abolition of social distinctions?
5. Are the Directive Principles of State Policy justiciable?
6. Who officiates in the absence of the President of India?
7. Who presided over the meetings of the Rajya Sabha?
8. In parliamentary form of government, executive is responsible to whom?
9. The term 'Parliament' is inherited from which country?
10. When can the Speaker exercise his right to vote in the House?
11. Who believed in the theory of reformation of caste?
12. What is meant by communal politics?
13. Who was the founder of the 'Republic Party'?
14. The word 'secular' was added in the Preamble by which Constitutional Amendment Act?

15. Is India a Secular State? Write yes or no.
16. In which year Indian National Congress came into existence?
17. What is the full form of 'AGP'?
18. Which political party represents the interest of Sikh Community in Punjab?
19. Do you consider that 'Narmada Bachao Andolan' is an environment movement?
20. In which year was BJP formed?
21. In which year was the New Economic Policy introduced?
22. Who is to be considered as the 'Father of New Economic Policy'?
23. What is meant by 'LPG'?
24. Mention one feature of globalization.
25. Mention the full form of 'NITI' Aayog.

26. Which Article of the Constitution abolishes untouchability?
27. How can the Fundamental Rights be protected by a citizen?
28. Which Article of the Constitution deals with 'Right to Education'?
29. Who is the first Law Officer of the Government of India?
30. What is the minimum age to become the Vice-President of India?
31. Who appoints the Chief Justice of India?
32. Who considered hierarchy and separation of polluted and pure as the core feature of caste system in India?
33. Who gave the 'Theory of Broken Men'?
34. What did Gandhiji mean when he said that religion and politics can never be separated?
35. Who is the father of Indian Renaissance?
36. Who has termed women as 'second sex'?

37. When was All India Women's Association formed?
38. Who drafted the Sarvodaya Plan?
39. Who advocated 'The Wage Good Model'?
40. Who was the author of *The People's Plan*?

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* questions : 2×5=10

41. Write any five salient features of the Indian Constitution.
42. Mention two socialist principles contained in the Directive Principles of State Policy.
43. How is the Vice-President of India elected?
44. Mention about the different categories of ministers at the Union level.
45. Mention two factors responsible for communalism in India.
46. What do you understand by the term 'secularism'? Briefly highlight.

47. What are the main components of social movement?
48. What can be identified as the main reasons of women movement in India?
49. Mention any two features of neo-liberalism.
50. What do you understand by planned economy? Discuss.

SECTION—C

Answer any *five* questions : 8×5=40

51. Enumerate and discuss the Fundamental Rights granted to the citizens of India by the Constitution.
52. Carefully examine the nature and importance of the Directive Principles of State Policy.
53. Discuss the emergency powers of the President of India.
54. Describe the powers and functions of the Supreme Court of India.
55. Discuss the nature and character of Indian secularism.

56. Write a note on patriarchy in Indian society and politics.
57. Critically examine the changing nature of Indian party system.
58. Discuss the factors responsible for the growth of regional political parties in India.
59. What are the positive and negative effects of New Economic Policy adopted in India since 1991?
60. Critically examine how the mixed economy facilitated in the reconstruction of the Indian economy at the early stages.

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